

AvidiMab[®], an avidity-enhancing platform for cancer immunotherapy

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INTRODUCTION

- Avidity, the combined binding strength of individual interactions, is a key aspect of cancer-targeting by therapeutic antibodies (mAbs)
- AvidiMab[®]-engineered anti-glycan mAbs have improved in vitro and in vivo anti-tumour activity [1]
- Fc-engineering AvidiMab[®] technology is proposed to enhance non-covalent Fc:Fc associations by neighbouring target-bound mAbs [2]
- CD40 agonists are promising immune therapeutics mimicking CD40L action by crosslinking CD40, thereby improving antigen presentation and expanding tumor-specific cytotoxic T cells [3]
- SEA-CD40 is a clinical-stage CD40 agonistic mAb. Fc-engineered AvidiMab® SEA-CD40, 'iSEA-CD40G1' was created in IgG1 format and the impact of enhanced avidity evaluated using a range of techniques and in cell-based assays



 Fc engineering of human SEA-CD40 IgG1 (AvidiMab[®] technology) produced iSEA-CD40G1. CD40 binding by iSEA-CD40G1 promotes self-association thereby increasing avidity and functionality







A. SPR binding analysis - higher Response Units (RU) captured by CD40-His pre-incubated with iSEA-CD40G1 compared to parental SEA-CD40G1 (left panel), suggesting higher-order complex formation due to Ec:Ec association. The same trend was seen when the antibody complex formation was performed with preformed CD40:CD40 Ligand (right panel)

B. SPR kinetic analysis (single-cycle) - higher avidity (lower KD) and slower off-rate (k_d) for AvidiMab* iSEA-CD40G1 binding to captured CD40 (His-tagged) compared to parental SEA-CD40G1



- size distributions (dynamic light scattering, DLS) for pre-incubated CD40 + CD40 ligand in the presence of parental SEA-CD40G1 compared to AvidiMab® iSEA-CD40G1
- in addition to antibody monomer peaks, larger complex formation peaks are observed for AvidiMab[®] iSEA-CD40G1 compared to parental SEA-CD40G1, indicating more efficient CD40 clustering



- top: enhanced B cell proliferation in the presence of AvidiMab* iSEA-CD40G1 compared to parental SEA-CD40G1; CD40 Ligand included as a control
- bottom: enhanced B cell clustering as a qualitative readout of B cell activation/proliferation in the presence of AvidiMab* iSEA-CD40G1 compared to parental SEA-CD40G1; CD40 Ligand included as a control

AvidiMab[®] engineering is non-immunogenic



- similar frequency (6%) and maximum stimulation (SI) of proliferative responses by iTrastuzumab and Trastuzumab (Herceptin®) in a 50-donor cohort
- significantly lower proliferative responses compared to the positive control Bydureon®

CONCLUSIONS

- iSEA-CD40G1 (Fc-engineered AvidiMab[®] technology) displayed improved CD40 functional affinity/avidity compared to parental SEA-CD40G1
- iSEA-CD40G1 induced superior B cell proliferation compared to SEA-CD40
- AvidiMab[®] Fc-engineering carries a low immunogenicity risk, similar to Herceptin[®]
- enhanced target-driven clustering through AvidiMab® Fcengineering increases avidity - independent of Fc gamma receptors - for superior functionality
- broader applicability of the AvidiMab® technology is actively being explored

References

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